

6. What is the importance of Agriculture in Indian Economy ?
7. What are the measures of Capital Formation ?
8. What are the effects of Industrial Sickness ?
9. Explain functions of Industrial Development Bank of India.
10. What are the problems of Large Scale Industries ?
11. What are the various sources of Agricultural Credit ?

**TKN/KS/16/7213**

**B.A.LL.B. (Five Years Course) Semester-V (C.B.S.)**

**Examination**

**ECONOMICS-V**

**Paper—5 (Optional)**

**Course Code : 5.4.3**

Time—Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks—80

**N.B. :—** (1) **ALL** Sections are compulsory. Section A carries **10** marks. Section B carries **30** marks. Section C carries **40** marks.

(2) Follow the instructions given in each Section.

**SECTION—A**

**(Multiple Choice Questions)**

**Note :—** This Section contains **ONE** question having sub-questions carrying **1** mark each.

1. Attempt any **TEN** of the following :

- (i) When people are engaged in a job then actually required, it is known as \_\_\_\_\_.
  - (a) Unemployment
  - (b) Underemployment
  - (c) Disguised unemployment
  - (d) None of those.

- (vii) The estimates of Physical Capital Formation are prepared by \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (a) CSO  
 (b) RBI  
 (c) Both (a) and (b)  
 (d) None of these.
- (viii) The high yielding variety seeds were developed by \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (a) Prof. Swaminathan  
 (b) Prof. Sundaram  
 (c) Prof. Norman Borlaug  
 (d) Prof. Smith.
- (ix) Which Industry cannot be considered as a basic Industry ?  
 (a) Steel  
 (b) Coal  
 (c) Chemicals  
 (d) Cotton textile
- (x) Industrial Development Bank of India was established in \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (a) 1955  
 (b) 1964  
 (c) 1982  
 (d) 1987
- (xi) Which one of the following is not a source of direct finance ?  
 (a) NABARD  
 (b) Regional Rural Bank  
 (c) SBI  
 (d) Allahabad Bank

- (xii) Jawahar Rozgar Yojana was announced by \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (a) Indira Gandhi  
 (b) Jawaharlal Nehru  
 (c) Rajiv Gandhi  
 (d) Sonia Gandhi
- (xiii) The largest Cottage Industry is \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (a) Hand loom  
 (b) Bee-keeping  
 (c) Soap-making  
 (d) Seri-culture
- (xiv) Hand made paper comes under \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (a) Village industries  
 (b) Small industries  
 (c) Cottage industries  
 (d) None of these
- (xv) The problem faced by Small Scale Industries is that of \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (a) Credit  
 (b) Raw material  
 (c) Marketing  
 (d) All of the above.

10×1=10

(ii) NSSO estimates the unemployment rate based on \_\_\_\_\_.

- (a) Usual status
- (b) Currently weekly status
- (c) Both (a) and (b)
- (d) None of these.

(iii) Which of the following does not contribute to the development of the Indian Economy ?

- (a) Population growth
- (b) Rising industrial output
- (c) Modern technology
- (d) Green revolution.

(iv) Agriculture's share in India's GDP is around \_\_\_\_\_.

- (a) 20%
- (b) 30%
- (c) 25%
- (d) 10%

(v) At present, licensing is compulsory only for \_\_\_\_\_ Industries.

- (a) Seven
- (b) Six
- (c) Eight
- (d) Five.

(vi) Which year is known as 'Year of great divide' for India's Population ?

- (a) 1921
- (b) 1951
- (c) 1901
- (d) 1961

## SECTION—B

### (Short Answer Questions)

**Note :—** Both the questions in this Section are compulsory. Each question carries **15** marks.

2. Answer any **THREE** of the following :  $5 \times 3 = 15$

- (a) What are the types of Refinance facilities ?
- (b) Distinguish between ICICI and UTI.
- (c) Write in short on Capital Market.
- (d) What are the objectives of Industrial Finance Corporation of India ?

3. Answer any **THREE** of the following :  $5 \times 3 = 15$

- (a) Write in short about agricultural research.
- (b) Which institutional factors affect low productivity ?
- (c) Distinguish between Institutional and Non-institutional Credit.
- (d) Distinguish between high stationary phase and late expanding phase of Demography.

## SECTION—C

### (Long Answer Questions)

**Note :—** Attempt any **FIVE** of the following. Each question carries 8 marks :—  $8 \times 5 = 40$

4. Explain India as a Mixed Economy.

5. What are the remedies for Population Explosion ?