NRT/KS/19/2209

Bachelor of Computer Application (B.C.A.) Semester—I Examination **DISCRETE MATHEMATICS—I**

Paper—IV

Time: Three Hours] [Maximum Marks: 50

Note:— All questions are compulsory and carry equal marks.

EITHER

- 1. (a) Construct the truth table for the following:
 - (i) $(P \rightarrow Q) \land (Q \rightarrow P)$
 - (ii) $\exists (P \land Q) \Longrightarrow (\exists P \lor \exists Q)$

(b) Show that the truth values of the following formula is independent of its components:

$$(P \rightarrow Q) \rightleftharpoons (\exists P \lor Q)$$

OR

- (c) What is well-formed formula? What are the rules for well-formed formulas? 5
- (d) Show that:

$$(\exists P \land (\exists Q \land R)) \lor (Q \land R) \lor (P \land R) \Leftrightarrow R$$

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EITHER

- 2. (a) What is Disjunctive Normal Form and Conjunctive Normal Form? Explain the procedure to obtain Conjunctive Normal Form. 5
 - (b) Obtain the Disjunctive Normal Form of $\neg (P \lor Q) \rightleftharpoons (P \land Q)$.

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OR

(c) Show that the formula $Q \vee (P \wedge \neg Q) \vee (\neg P \wedge \neg Q)$ is a tautology.

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(d) Obtain the Principal Conjunctive Normal Form of the formula, given by $(\exists P \to R) \land (Q \rightleftharpoons P).$ 5

EITHER

- Determine whether the conclusion C follows logically from the premises H₁ and H₂: 3.
 - (i) $H_1: P \rightarrow Q$
- $H_{2}: \exists P$
- (ii) $H_1: \exists P$ $H_2: P \rightleftharpoons Q$ $C: \exists (P \land Q)$

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(b) Demonstrate the R is a valid inference from the premises $P \to Q$, $Q \to R$ and P.

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OR

- (c) What is meant by consistency of Premises ? Show that $\neg (P \land Q)$ follows logically from $(\exists P \land \exists Q).$ 5
- (d) Explain the following Rules of Inference Theory:
 - Rule P
 - (ii) Rule T
 - (iii) Rule CP. 5

EITHER

- 4. (a) Explain the following with the help of examples:
 - (i) Predicate

(ii) Quantifiers. 5

(b) Show that $(x) (H(x) \rightarrow M(x)) \land H(x) \Rightarrow M(x)$.

OR

- (c) What is free and bound variables? Also determine the scope of variables, free and bound occurrences of variables in the following formulas:
 - (i) $(x) (P(x) \rightarrow Q(x))$
 - (ii) $(\exists x) (P(x) \land Q(x))$.
- (d) Show that:

$$(x) (P(x) \to Q(x)) \land (x) (Q(x) \to R(x)) \Rightarrow (x) (P(x) \to R(x)).$$

- 5. (a) What is duality law? Explain with examples. 2½
 - (b) What is Minterms and Maxterms? Write Minterms for 2 variables, P and Q. 2½
 - (c) Show I_{12} : $\neg Q$, $P \rightarrow Q \Rightarrow \neg P$. 2½
 - (d) Symbolize the expression "All the world loves a lover." 2½

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