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$\textbf{Bachelor of Computer Application (B.C.A.) Semester-I \ Examination}$

ENGLISH Paper—I

Compulsory Language

Time	e — '	Three	e Hours] [Maximum —	- 60
			Note :— ALL questions are compulsory and carry equal marks.	
1.	Ans	wer t	he following questions in about 150 words each:	
	(A)	Desc	cribe the ways in which Mahadevan took care of Moti and the pigeon.	6
			OR	
		Desc	cribe the friendship between the Giant and the little boy.	
	(B)	What does the poet wish for in his well and why?		6
			OR	
			v does Gray use insect and animal imagery in the poem ?	
2.	(A)	Ans	wer the following questions in about 75 words each:—	
		(i)	How would Mahadevan's wife treat him when he returned from his office?	3
			OR	
		<i>(*</i>)	What kind of things did people begin to talk about Seth Govind Ram?	2
		(ii)	What atrocities did Parveen have to suffer in Dubai?	3
			OR	
	(D)	Ana	Why did the Giant hope for a change in the weather?	
	(D)	(i)	wer the following questions in about 75 words each :— How according to the poet, would donation of his eyes help others?	3
		(1)	OR	3
			How, in the opinion of Ulysses, will Telemachus change his subjects?	
		(ii)	Explain the line "and for one line of cousins a dower of migraines in season."	3
		(-)	OR	
			Write a note on the person who lay at the neglected spot?	
3.	(A)	Make use of the correct tense form of the verbs given in the brackets:—		6
		(i)	He was really sorry for what he (do).	
		(ii)	In fact, she had hundred percent on the Director's own personal scale. (reach)	
		(iii)	Before she away, she stopped at the house. (walk)	
		(iv)	The Director been a worshipper of beauty. (has)	
		(v)	Feeling deprived and cheated, I him what nonsense it was. (ask)	
		(vi)	Through a small hole in the wall, the children had in. (creep)	
	(B)	Change the voice of the following sentences:—		6
		(i)	The giant loved the little boy.	
		(ii)	He took a little liberty.	
		(iii)	The steps of the Bank were swept by Nathu.	
		(iv)	She wouldn't serve him any stale food.	
		(v)	He opened the front door softly.	
		(vi)	I will allow nobody to play in it.	

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OR

(B) Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below:—

The average life span of humanity throughout all history was 27 years. In the nineteenth century, however, science and improved technology tripled life expectancy. As technological capabilities improved and life expectancy increased, the number of babies per family went down, demonstrating the fact that nature keeps on balancing the population figure. After major wars, when a large number of young and healthy mean are killed, baby-making increases. The birth-rate continues to rise for five years or so after the wars end, until the score is rectified. All this happens without the conscious co-operation or even the knowledge of the humans concerned. When the probabilities of human survival are poor, nature makes many babies. When the chances of man's survival improve nature reduces the number of new babies.

- Why does birth rate continue to increase after major wars?

 What was the effect of development in science and technology on human life expectancy?
- (3) What does the word 'Probabilities' in this passage mean?(4) What was the life expectancy before developments in science and technology?
- (5) When does nature make many babies?
- How does nature help in balancing population?
- 5. (A) Answer the following questions in **ONE** or **TWO** sentences each :— 3
 - (1) Why did Mahadevan plan to visit the house after dusk?
 - (2) Where had the giant gone for seven years?
 - (3) Why was getting a job vital for Parveen?
 - (B) Answer the following questions in ONE or TWO sentences each :-3
 - (1) What happened to the poet's mother when the Red Champak trees flowered?
 - What did Ulysses drink with his peers?
 - What does a soly text teach a rustic moralist?
 - (C) Fill in the blanks with appropriate prepositions:
 - (1) He felt a heavy hand his shoulder.

Sitaram was glad that he was of service _____ a customer.

- The beautiful flower slipped back _____ the ground.

(D) Do as directed:— 3

- (1) recall (synonym)
- (2) slow (antonym)
- hasten (synonym)

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