Faculty of Engineering & Technology Fourth Semester B.E. (Electronics Engineering/ET/EC) (C.B.S.) Examination APPLIED MATHEMATICS—IV

Time—Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks—80

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- (1) All questions carry marks as indicated.
- (2) Solve SIX questions as follows:

Que. No. 1 OR Que. No. 2

Que. No. 3 OR Que. No. 4

Que. No. 5 OR Que. No. 6

Que. No. 7 OR Que. No. 8

Que. No. 9 OR Que. No. 10

Que. No. 11 OR Que. No. 12

- (3) Use of normal probability table is permitted.
- (4) Use of non-programmable calculator is permitted.
- 1. (a) Find a positive root of the equation $xe^x = 2$ by the method of False position.
 - (b) Solve the following system of equations by Crout's method:

$$4x + y - z = 13$$

 $3x + 5y + 2z = 21$
 $2x + y + 6z = 14$.

- (c) Use Runge-Kutta Fourth Order Method to find value of y for x = 0.2, when $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x^2 + y^2}{10}$, y(0) = 1, h = 0.2.
- (a) Find a real root of the equation x log₁₀x 1.2 = 0 by Newton Raphson Method.
 - (b) Solve the following system of equations by Gauss Seidal Method:

$$2x + 10y + z = 13$$

 $2x + 2y + 10z = 14$
 $10x + y + z = 12$

(c) Solve:

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 + xy^2$$
, $y(0) = 1$ for $x = 0.4$

by using Milne's Predictor-Corrector Method when it is given that

$$y(0.1) = 1.105, y(0.2) = 1.223, y(0.3) = 1.355$$

3. (a) If $Z\{f(n)\} = F(z)$, then prove that

$$Z\{f(n+k)\}=z^{k}\left[F(z)-\sum_{i=0}^{k-1}f(i)z^{-i}\right], k>0$$

and hence find $Z\left\{\frac{1}{(n+1)!}\right\}$, given $Z\left\{\frac{1}{n!}\right\}=e^{l/z}$.

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(b) By using Convolution theorem, find:

$$Z^{-1}\left[\frac{z^2}{(z-a)(z-b)}\right].$$

- 4. (a) Find Z-Transform of $\frac{(n+1)(n+2)}{2!}a^n$.
 - (b) Using Z-Transform method, solve

$$x_{n+2} + 3x_{n+1} + 2x_n = u_n$$
,
given that $x_0 = 1$ and $x_n = 0$ for $n < 0$ where

$$u_{n} = \begin{cases} 1, & n \ge 0 \\ 0, & n < 0 \end{cases}$$

5. (a) Solve in series the equation :

$$2x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + (2x^2 - x) \frac{dy}{dx} + y = 0$$

by Frobenius Method.

(b) Prove that:

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(i) $J_{1/2}(x) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi x}} \cdot \sin x$

(ii)
$$J_{-1/2}(x) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi x}} \cdot \cos x$$

OR

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- 6. (a) If $f(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & -1 < x < 0 \\ x, & 0 < x < 1 \end{cases}$, then show that
 - $f(x) = \frac{1}{4}P_0(x) + \frac{1}{2}P_1(x) + \frac{5}{16}P_2(x) \frac{3}{32}P_4(x) + \dots$
 - (b) Show that $P_n(-x) = (-1)^n P_n(x)$ and hence prove that $P_n(-1) = (-1)^n$.
- 7. (a) A factory manufacturing televisions has four units A, B, C and D. The units manufacture 15%, 20%, 30% and 35% of the total outputs respectively. It was found that out of their outputs, 1%, 2%, 2% and 3% are defective. A television is chosen at random from the total output and was found to be defective. What is the probability that it was manufactured by unit C?
 - (b) A random variable X has density function

$$f(x) = \frac{c}{x^2 + 1}, -\infty < x < \infty$$

Find:

- (i) the constant C
- (ii) $P\left(\frac{1}{3} \le x^2 \le 1\right)$
- (iii) the distribution function.

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OR

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8. (a) Let $f(x, y) = \begin{cases} x + y, & 0 \le x \le 1, & 0 \le y \le 1 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

Find:

- (i) Marginal density function of x and y
- (ii) Marginal distribution function of x and y. 6
- (b) The joint probability function of two discrete random variables x and y is given by:

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} cxy, & x = 1, 2, 3 \text{ and } y = 1, 2, 3\\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Find:

- (i) the constant c
- (ii) P(x = 3, y = 1)
- (iii) P(y < 2)
- (iv) Find marginal probability function of x and y.
- 9. (a) A coin weighted so that $P(H) = \frac{3}{4}$ and $P(T) = \frac{1}{4}$, is tossed three times. Let x be the random variable which denotes the longest string of heads which occurs. Find:
 - (i) Probability distribution
 - (ii) Expectation (14)
 - (iii) Variance
 - (iv) Standard deviation of x.

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(b) A random variable x has density function given by :

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2e^{-2x}, & x \ge 0 \\ 0, & x < 0 \end{cases}$$

Find:

- (i) E(x)
- (ii) Var(x)
- (iii) $E[(x-1)^2]$.

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10. (a) Let
$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} 2e^{-(x+2y)}, & x \ge 0, y \ge 0 \\ 0, & x < 0, y < 0 \end{cases}$$

Find:

- (i) (
- (ii) Conditional Expectation of y given x
- (iii) Conditional Expectation of x given y. 7
- (b) Find moment generating function and first four moments about the origin for random variable x given by:

$$x = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{Prob. } \frac{1}{2} \\ -1, & \text{Prob. } \frac{1}{2} \end{cases}$$

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Contd.

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- 11. (a) An insurance salesman sells policies to 5 men, all of identical age and in good health. The probability that a man of this particular age will be alive 30 years is $\frac{2}{3}$. Find the probability that in 30 years:
 - (i) All 5 men
 - (ii) At least 3 men
 - (iii) At most 1 man
 - (iv) At least 1 man

will be alive.

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(b) In a certain factory turning out razor blades there is small chance of 0.002 for any blade to be defective. The blades are supplied in packets of 10; use Poisson distribution to calculate the approximate number of packets containing no defective, one defective and two defective blades respectively in a consignment of 10,000 packets.

OR

- (a) Verify central limit theorem in case where x₁, x₂, ..., x_n are independent and identically distributed with Poisson distribution.
 - (b) In a normal distribution 31% of the items are under 45 and 8% are over 64. Find the mean and standard deviation of distribution.

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