(C) Write a note on Silicone elastomers.	2½		TKN/KS/16/591	7
(D) Write uses of silicone oils.	21/2			
(E)	(E) What happens when (NPCl ₂) ₃ is treated with:		Bachelor of Science (B.Sc.) Semester-VI (C.B.S.)		
	(i) Moist air and		CII (01 I	Examination OLODG ANG GHEMISTRY	
	(ii) Excess NH ₃ ?	21/2	CH-001: 1	INORGANIC CHEMISTRY	
(F)	Write one method of preparation of each:		Paper—1		
	$(NPCl_3)_3$ and $(NPCl_3)_4$.	21/2	Time—Three Hours]	1	
5. At	tempt any TEN of the following:			[Maximum Marks—5	0
(i)	Explain effect of geometry on 10 Dq.		N.B.: — (1) All FIVE questions are compulsory and carry equal marks.		d
(ii)	State Laporte selection rule.				
(iii)) Calculate CFSE value for d ⁶ tetrahedral.		(2)	Write equations and draw diagram	IS
(iv	Write CFT configuration and predict number of impaired electrons in [CoCl ₄] ²⁻ ion.		wherever necessary.		
			1. (A) Draw d-or	rbital splitting diagram and write CF	Т
(v)	Calculate magnetic moment of weak f octahedral complex using CFT.	ield d ³	configuration	on of the following:	5
(vi	vi) Why Fe (III) complexes are more stable the	n Fe(II)	(B) Explain the	$(NH_1)_{1}^{3+}$ and (ii) $[CoF_6]^{3-}$	
(1)	complexes?	11 1 (11)	-	_	in
(vi	i) Write two advantages of spectrophotomet	er over		(i) Position and intensity of the absorption band in an electronic spectrum of $[Ti (H_2O)_6]^{3+}$.	
	colorimeter.			- 0	5
(vi	What is R _f value ? Explain cation exchange. Give two uses of Silicone resins. What is the action of heat on (NPCl ₂) ₃ ? Write any two uses of polyphosphazenes.		(ii) Spin selection rule. 5 OR (C) Explain how the nature of the ligands and oxidation states of the metal ion affects the value of 10 Dq. 2½		
(ix					
(x)					
(xi					
(xi				25	′2
	1>	10=10			
MXP-M-	-3532 4	6450	MXP-M—3532	1 Conto	l.

(D) Explain the John-Teller effect with suitable example. (F) Describe Job's method for the determination of composition of Fe(III)-SSA complex. $2\frac{1}{2}$ Calculate CFSE for [Co(NH₃)₆]³⁺ ion for which (A) State and derive mathematical expression of Beer-3. Δ_0 value is 23,000 cm⁻¹ and mean pairing energy is Lambert's Law. Explain the terms: $21,000 \text{ cm}^{-1}$. $2\frac{1}{2}$ Absorbance (F) Write limitations of valence bond theory of metal Molar absorptivity and complexes. λ_{max} . (iii) (A) Draw d-orbital splitting diagram and explain magnetic properties of the following: (B) What is Chromatography? Discuss the principle $[Fe(CN)_{\epsilon}]^{4-}$ and (ii) $[FeF_{\epsilon}]^{3-}$ 5 and technique involved in paper chromatography. Explain thermodynamic and kinetic stability of the complexes with suitable example. OR What is Chelate effect? How does it affect the Draw Well-labelled diagram of single beam stability of the metal complexes? 5 spectrophotometer. OR (D) A standard solution of 2.5×10⁻⁴ M in a cell with (C) Identify the following having quenching towards orbital 1.5 cm path length showed a percentage transmittance moment: of 65% at a wavelength of 500 nm. (E) Explain the terms eluent, eluate and elution. (ii) (F) Discuss the technique involved in the separation of (iii) cations by ion-exchange method. (iv) t_{2g} (A) What are Silicones? Give one method of preparation $2\frac{1}{2}$ of each, Linear and Two dimentional cross-linked (D) Write CFT configuration and calculate magnetic silicon. moment for $[Ni(NH_3)_6]^{2+}$ ion. $2\frac{1}{2}$ (B) What is meant by phosphonitrilic halides? Discuss (E) Discuss correlation between stepwise and overall the bonding and structure of (NPCl₂)₃. stability constant. $2\frac{1}{2}$

Contd.

2.

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Contd.

OR

3

MXP-M-3532

 $2\frac{1}{2}$

5

 $2\frac{1}{2}$

 $2\frac{1}{2}$

 $2\frac{1}{2}$

 $2\frac{1}{2}$

5