

TKN/KS/16-7186

**First Semester B.A. LL. B. (Five Years
Course) Examination**

(Credit Based System)

Course Code – 1.3

HISTORY – I

Time : Three Hours]

[Max. Marks : 80

- N. B. : (1) Attempt All questions.
Section A carries 10 marks. Section B carries 30 marks. Section C carries 40 marks.
(2) Follow the instructions given in each question.

SECTION A

(Multiple Choice Questions)

Note : This section consist of one question having subquestions carrying one mark each.

1. Fill in the blanks with the correct alternative. (Any Ten)

- (i) The oldest veda is ———
(a) Atharvaveda (b) Samveda
(c) Rigveda (d) Yajurveda
- (ii) The term 'Upanishad' literally means ———
(a) Running away (b) Sitting near
(c) Singing loudly (d) Listening

attentively

- (iii) ——— was incharge of army during ancient period of India
(a) Purohit (b) Gramini
(c) Senapati (d) Dandadhikari
- (iv) Mahabharat was written ——— Ramayan.
(a) Earlier than
(b) Later than
(c) Simultaneously with
(d) None of the above
- (v) As per caste system during ancient period Brahmins were active in the field of ———.
(a) Finance (b) Religion
(c) Trade (d) None of the above
- (vi) Vardhaman married
(a) Yashoda (b) Sumitra
(c) Kaikaayee (d) None of the above
- (vii) The Vajapeya and Ashramedha ceremonies were performed with the object of enabling the king to have ——— status with the God.
(a) An equal (b) Lower
(c) Upper (d) None of the above
- (viii) Alexandar invded India in
(a) 723 B.C. (b) 273 B.C.
(c) 327 B.C. (d) 273 A.D.

- (ix) Indica was written by ———
- (a) Magasthenese (b) Itsing
(c) Kautilya (d) None of the above
- (x) Fahren was a ——— traveler.
- (a) Greek (b) Japanese
(c) Chinese (d) Persian
- (xi) During Mauryan administration the Council of ministers was called ———.
- (a) Sabha (b) Samiti
(c) Ganparishad (d) Mantri parishad
- (xii) ——— was the village administrator during Mouryan period.
- (a) Gramik (b) Mantri
(c) Sachiv (d) Mahanayak
- (xiii) According to Buddha Rahul means
- (a) a bond (b) Joy
(c) Freedom (d) Fear
- (xiv) Mahadandanayak was ——— Officer during Gupta administration.
- (a) Judicial (b) Revenue
(c) Education (d) Sports
- (xv) Our cultural Heritage of ancient Indian History is ———.
- (a) Very poor (b) Very rich
(c) None of the above. 1x10=10

SECTION B

(Short Answer Questions)

Note : Both the Questions in this section are compulsory.
Each question carrying 15 marks.

2. Answer any **three** of the questions.
- (a) Write in short about archeological sources of ancient Indian history.
(b) Write the duties of the king during ancient Indian history.
(c) Write the role played by the ministers during ancient Indian history.
(d) History is the mirror of the past. Explain. 5x3=15
3. Answer any **three** of the following :—
- (a) Give an account of 'Ashtang Marg'.
(b) Write functions of the state during ancient Indian history.
(c) What do you know about Yajaur Veda ?
(d) Write the role played by 'Sabha' during ancient India. 5x3=15

SECTION C

(Long Answer Questions)

Note : Attempt any Five questions in detail out of following **eight** questions. Each question carries **eight** marks.

4. What do you mean by sources of History ? Write in detail about any two Chinese travellers' accounts.

5. Write in detail about 'Jainism'.
6. Explain theory of divine origin of kingship.
7. Write in detail about administrative system during Maurayan period.
8. Describe in detail social heritage of ancient india.
9. Write details of Vedic administration.
10. Comment on Royal Courts and other popular courts during ancient India.
11. Give an elaborate note on 'Jury system' in judicial administration in ancient India. 8x5=40

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