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# NIR/KW/18/7473

# Sixth Semester B.A. LL.B. Five Years Course (C.B.S.) Examination FAMILY LAW—II (Muslim Law)

# Compulsory Paper—4

Time: T	hree	Hours]		[Maximum Marks : 80		
<b>Note :—</b> (1)		Attempt ALL Sections:				
		Section 'A' consists of 10 marks.				
		Section 'B' consists of 30 marks.				
	(2)	Section 'C' consists of 40 marks.	.•			
		Follow the instructions given in each Sec				
	(3)	Marks are indicated against each question	1.			
		SECTION—	4			
1. Choo	ose 1	the correct alternative (any ten):		1×10=10		
(i)	Th	e process of finding legal solutions to ne	w pro	oblem is called:		
	(a)	Ijma	(b)	Ijtehad		
	(c)	Istislah	(d)	Istidlal		
(ii)	Th	e Right to Pre-emption is exercised by :				
	(a)	Owner of the adjoining immovable prop	perty			
	(b)	(b) Owner of the immovable property in the locality				
	(c)	Imam of the local Mosque				
	(d)	None of the above				
(iii)	A	A Muslim believes in oneness of GOD and finality of prophethood in				
	(a)	Abraham	(b)	Moses		
	(c)	Jesus	(d)	Mohammad		
(iv)	W	hen wife initiates the process of dissolution	n of	marriage then it is called as:		
	(a)	Talaq	(b)	Lian		
	(c)	Zihar	(d)	Khula		
(v)	'M	luta' marriage is recognized only by the :				
	(a)	Sunni law	(b)	Shia law		
	(c)	Hanafi law	(d)	Shafei law		
(vi)	Ki	tabiya is a term used for woman belongin	g to	:		
	(a)	Jewism and Christianity	(b)	Hinduism		
	(c)	Bahaism	(d)	None of the above		

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(vii)	The options of puberty is lost			
	(a) on not availing the option			
	(b) on Non-repudiation of marriage before attaining puberty			
	(c) on consummation after attaining puberty	,		
	(d) None of the above			
(viii)	) Marriage of a Muslim woman with a Non-Muslim shall be :			
	(a) Void	(b) Irregular		
	(c) Valid	(d) Voidable		
(ix)	Who was the founder of Hanafi School ?			
	(a) Imam Shafie	(b) Imam Malik		
	(c) Imam Hanble	(d) Imam Abu-Hanita		
(x)	Under Muslim law legal incompetency to marriage means:			
	(a) Unsoundness of mind	(b) Impotency		
	(c) Minority	(d) All of the above		
(xi)	Gift of undivided property is called:	HA THE STATE OF TH		
	(a) Ariyat	(b) Musha		
	(c) Hiba-Sharful-Iwaz	(d) Hiba-bil-Iwaz		
(xii)	Marzul-maut is a disease which induces in t	he mind of sufferer:		
	(a) An immediate apprehension death	(b) An immediate desire to die		
	(c) An immediate desire to survive	(d) None of the above		
(xiii)	A marriage a Muslim woman brings out the following effect:			
	(a) She loses her legal personality			
	(b) Her personality is merged with the person	onality of the husband		
	(c) She continues to retain her legal person			
	(d) None of the above			
(xiv)	Muslim law provides for :			
	(a) Monogamy	(b) Unlimited polygamy		
	(c) Controlled polygamy	(d) None of the above		
(xv)	The option of puberty is available to :			
, ,	(a) Wife only	(b) Husband only		
	(c) None of them	(d) Both of them		

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### **SECTION—B**

**Note:**— Both the questions in this section are compulsory.

2. Answer the following (any *three*) :—

 $5 \times 3 = 15$ 

- (a) What is option of puberty?
- (b) What is the difference between Prompt Dower and Deferred Dower?
- (c) Who is a Defecto Guardian?
- (d) What is Marzul-Maut?
- 3. Write short notes on (any *three*) :—

 $5 \times 3 = 15$ 

- (a) Pre-emptor
- (b) Iddat
- (c) Shriat Act, 1937
- (d) Hiba-bil-Iwaz.

### SECTION—C

**Note:**— Answer any *five* questions of the following.

 $8 \times 5 = 40$ 

- 4. Discuss in detail various sources of Muslim Law.
- 5. What do you understand by Wakf? Discuss various types of Wakf and their importance.
- 6. State the grounds on which a Muslim wife can file a suit for dissolution of marriage under the Dissolution of Muslim Marriage Act.
- 7. What is 'Mehr'? Discuss the rights of Muslim wife against the estate of her husband for recovery of dower.
- 8. What is pre-emption? Who can claim right of pre-emption?
- 9. What is gift? Who is competent to give? What are essential ingredients of a complete gift?
- 10. Discuss in detail different forms of divorces recognized by Muslim Law.
- 11. Explain 'Sahi', 'Fasid' and 'Batil' Muslim marriages.