

NTK/KW/15/7575

**Faculty of Engineering & Technology
Seventh Semester B.E. (C.S.E.) (C.B.S.) Examination
LANGUAGE PROCESSOR**

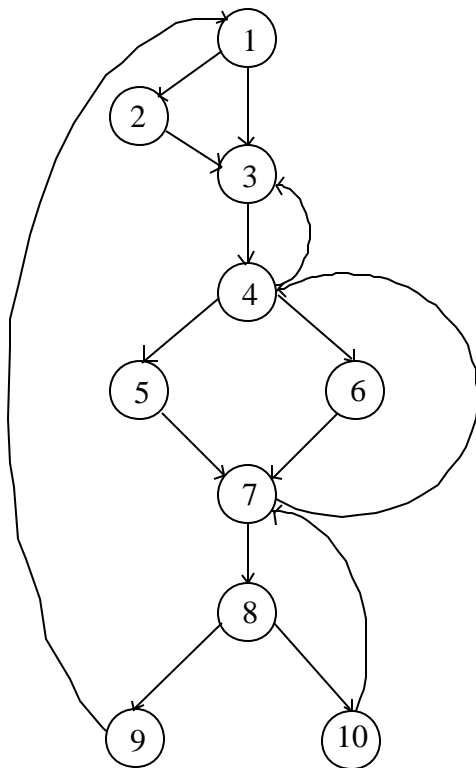
Time—Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks—80

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- (1) All questions carry marks as indicated.
- (2) Solve Question No. **1 OR** Question No. **2**.
- (3) Solve Question No. **3 OR** Question No. **4**.
- (4) Solve Question No. **5 OR** Question No. **6**.
- (5) Solve Question No. **7 OR** Question No. **8**.
- (6) Solve Question No. **9 OR** Question No. **10**.
- (7) Solve Question No. **11 OR** Question No. **12**.
- (8) Due credit will be given to neatness and adequate dimensions.
- (9) Assume suitable data wherever necessary.
- (10) Illustrate your answers wherever necessary with the help of neat sketches.

10. (a) What is dominator ? Construct dominator tree for the following graph. Also detect Back edges from the given graph. 7



- (b) Write short note on Loop Unrolling and Loop Jamming. 6

4. (a) What is Augmented grammar ? Why there is a need to have Augmented Grammar while constructing LR parsers ? Explain with suitable example. 4

- (b) Construct LR(1) Parsing Table for the given grammar.

$S \rightarrow AaAb$

$S \rightarrow BbBa$

$A \rightarrow \epsilon$

$B \rightarrow \epsilon.$

9

5. (a) Write SDTS to generate TAC for the given Boolean Expression :

$\text{NOT } (T > U \text{ AND } A < B \text{ OR } C > D).$ 8

- (b) Consider the SDTS :

$E \rightarrow E + E \{\text{Print "+"}\}$

$E \rightarrow E * E \{\text{Print "*"}\}$

$E \rightarrow \text{id} [\text{Print id.name}]$

Convert infix $\text{id} + \text{id} * \text{id}$ into postfix.

5

OR

6. Generate three address code using SDTS for following :

$$A[I, J, K] = B[I, J] + C [I + J + K]$$

where

A is 3D array of size $10 \times 10 \times 10$

B is 2D array of size 10×10

C is 1D array of size 30

bpw = 2

Draw Annotated Parse tree for the same. 13

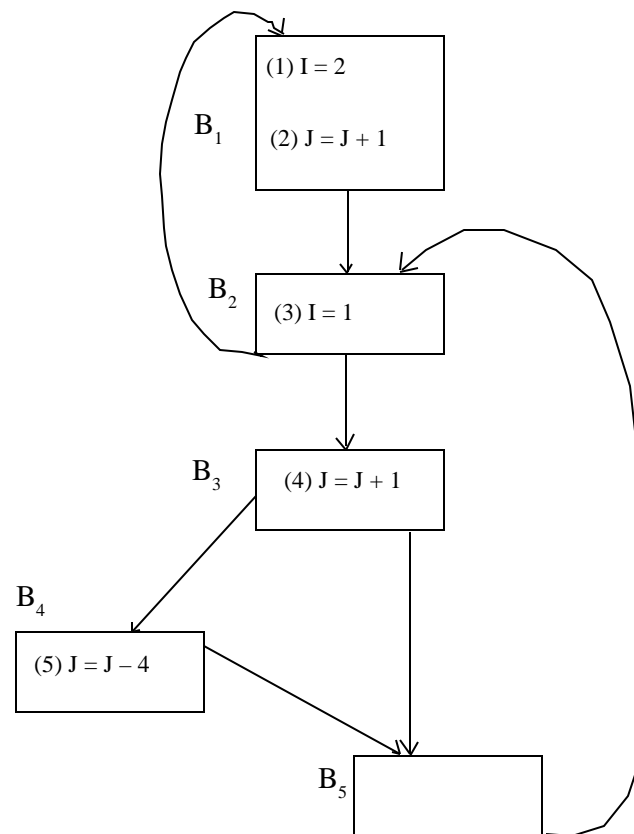
7. (a) What is Symbol Table ? Explain various data structures required to implement symbol table. 9
- (b) Explain Activation record for procedure calls. 5

OR

8. (a) What are the different types of errors ? Explain various error recovery strategies used by compiler. 9
- (b) Write short note on Run-Time support as provided by compiler. 5

9. Compute IN and OUT equations for following graph.

13



OR

1. (a) Explain various phases of compiler in detail. 8
- (b) Write short note on implementation of Lexical Analysis.
Also explain structure of LEX. 6

OR

2. (a) Write a LEX program to recognize keyword if/then
else; identifier; constant. 6
- (b) State the difference between pass and phase of
compiler. 4
- (c) What is cross compiler ? Explain how boot-strapping
is used in design of a compiler. 4
3. (a) Explain why we remove left recursion and perform
left factorization for the given CFG while constructing
LL(1) parser. 4
- (b) Construct LL(1) parsing table for the given grammar.

$$A \rightarrow aCDq \mid aBg \mid \epsilon$$

$$C \rightarrow p \mid \epsilon \mid Ct \mid BD \mid rAB$$

$$D \rightarrow d \mid \epsilon$$

$$B \rightarrow e \mid \epsilon. \quad 9$$

OR

11. (a) Apply Heuristic ordering algorithm to detect optimal
sequence and then generate optimal code for that
sequence using two registers R_0 and R_1 for the
following code :

$$T_1 = a + b$$

$$T_2 = c + d$$

$$T_3 = e - T_2$$

$$T_4 = T_1 - T_3. \quad 9$$

- (b) Explain different design issues for a good code
generator. 4

OR

12. (a) Give labelling algorithm and determine number of
registers required to evaluate following instruction
set:

$$T_1 = a + b$$

$$T_2 = c + d$$

$$T_3 = e + f$$

$$T_4 = T_2 + T_3$$

$$T_5 = T_4 + T_1. \quad 6$$

- (b) Write a short note on Peephole Optimization. 7