B.E. (Electronics Engineering / Electronics & Telecommunication / Electronics & Communication Engineering / Electronics Design Technology) Sixth Semester

Fields and Radiating Systems

P. Pages: 2				N/KS/16/2164/2211/2216	
Time : Three Hours			Max. Max. Max. Max. Max. Max. Max. Max.		
	Notes	3: 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	Same answer book must be used for Both section. All questions carry marks as indicated. Answer Three questions from Section A and Three questions from Section B. Due credit will be given to neatness and adequate dimensions. Assume suitable data wherever necessary. Illustrate your answers wherever necessary with the help of neat sketches. Use of slide rule, Logarithmic tables, Steam tables, Mollier's chart, Drawing instruments, Thermodynamic tables for moist air, Psychrometric charts and Refrigeration charts is permitted.		
			SECTION – A		
1.	a)		expression for field components of TM waves guided by parallel conducting Also sketch field patterns for TM_{10} and TM_{11} waves.	8	
	b)		nd explain the attenuation Vs frequency characteristics of waveguide between conducting planes.	5	
2.	a)	Show that the geometric mean of phase velocity (V_p) and group velocity (V_g) is always the free space velocity (ν) .			
	b)	GHz wi i) Cu ii) Ch iii) Pha iv) Wa v) Gre	of perfectly conducting planes are separated by 8 cm in air for the frequency of 5 th TM_{10} mode excited. Find the following: t off frequency. aracteristics ware impedance. as shift constant. avelength. oup Velocity. tenuation at frequency 0.95 fc.	6	
3.	a)	Derive t	the expression for field components of a TE wave guided by the Rectangular ide.	8	
	b)	A hollow rectangular waveguide measures (3×1.5) cm internally and has 9 GHz signal propagating in it. Calculate cut off wave length, the guide wavelength, phase velocity, group velocity and characteristics impedance for the TE_{10} mode.			
4.	a)	$\begin{array}{ll} \text{load con} \\ \text{i)} & Z_F \\ \text{ii)} & Z_F \\ \text{iii)} & Z_F \end{array}$	standing wave pattern? Draw voltage and current distribution curves for following nditions:	7	

Prove that input impedance of an infinite transmission line is equal to its characteristics 6 b) impedance. By deriving the expression for input impedance of low loss transmission line. 7 5. a) Prove that : $Z_0^2 = Z_{SC}$. Z_{OC} . An impedance of $(50+i50)\Omega$ is used as a load on transmission line of characteristics b) 6 impedance 50Ω using smith chart. Find: i) Reflection coefficient in magnitude and phase. ii) The distance of first voltage maxima from the load. SECTION - B 7 6. Explain "Induction Field" and "Radiation Field". Prove that for distance $r = \frac{\lambda}{6}$ from the current element both the fields are equal.

State the Reciprocity theorem applied to antenna and with the help of it prove that the a) 7 b) effective length of a antenna for receiving is equal to its effective length as transmitting antenna.

n (Widl $\sin \theta$)² 7. 8 Given that average power radiated by a current carrying element is $\frac{\eta}{2} \frac{(\text{WIdl } \sin \theta)^2}{4\pi\pi}$ a) find the expression for the total Radiated power. Also find Radiation Resistance. A transmitting antenna with an effective height of 100 m has a current of 100 amperes at a 5 b) frequency of 300 KHz. Find: Electric field strength at a distance of 100 km. i) Radiation Resistance. Power Radiated. ii) Radiation Resistance. iii) Power Radiated.

Explain difference between doven and parasitic elements in an antenna array. What is 8. 6 a) difference between reflector and director? Two isotropic radiators are placed at a distance of half wavelength and are fed with equal b) 7 amplitude is phase and current. Derive the expression for radiated electric field and plot the same as a directional pattern. 9. 7 a) An end-fire array composed of $\frac{1}{2}$ radiators with axes at right angles to the line of the array required to have a power gain of 20. Determine the array length and the width of a major lobe between the nulls. Write short note on End – Fire array. b) 6 10. Show that input Impedance of folded dipole antenna is four times that of a simple dipole 6 a) antenna. 7 b) Write short notes on any two. i) Cassegrain Antenna. ii) Log periodic Antenna. Travelling Wave Antenna. iii)

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