(iv) Give the units of Nephelometer.

- (v) Define Dextro Rotartory.
- (vi) Write the unit of Polarimeter.
- (vii) Write the significance of Nephelometer.
- (viii) Define dissolution rate.
- (ix) Write disadvantages of amperometric titration.
- (x) Define pH.
- (xi) Define solvent extraction.
- (xii) What is the importance of solvent extraction?

TKN/KS/16/5908

Bachelor of Science B.Sc. Semester–V (C.B.S.) Examination

ICH-502 : INDUSTRIAL CHEMISTRY Paper—II

Time—Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks—50

N.B.:— (1) All **FIVE** questions are compulsory and carry equal marks.

- (2) Write equation and draw well labelled diagrams whenever necessary.
- 1. (A) What are neutralisation indicators? Explain it with examples. 5
 - (B) Discuss the following:
 - (i) Precipitation titration
 - (ii) Complexometric titration.

5

OR

(C) What is Universal Indicator? Explain it. 2½

(D) Discuss metal-ion indicator in complexometric titration with example. 2½

MXP—L—2493 1 Contd.

MXP—L—2493

125

(E)	Define and explain standard solution with exar	nple.		(C)	Give the advantages of amperometric titration. 2	1/2
		21/2		(D)	Write a note on indicator electrodes. 2	1/2
(F)	Write a note on neutralisation curve in strong ac	acid		(E)	Explain optical activity with example. 2	1/2
	neutralised by strong base.	21/2		(F)	Give the applications of polarimetry. 2	l∕2
2. (A)	Discuss the instrumentation in Nephelometry.	5	4.	(A)	Write notes on following:	
(B)	Explain the following terms:				(i) Batch extraction	
	(i) Hardness Test				(ii) Continuous extraction.	5
	(ii) Friability Test.	5		(B)	Explain liquid-liquid extraction with examples.	5
	OR				OR	
(C	Give the applications of Nephelometry.	2½		(C)	Explain buffer action in acidic and basic buffer solution	n.
(D	Explain what is the effect of concentration on scatt	ering			2	/2
	in Nephelometry ?	2½		(D)	Give the different types of extraction systems. 2	1/2
(E)	Write a note on Lord Rayleigh scatterin	g in		(E)	Which factors are dependant on rate and selective	ity
` '	Nephelometry.	2½			of an extraction?	1/2
(F)	Write a short note on disintegration test.	21/2		(F)	Discuss how to choose solvent for extraction?	1/2
3. (A)	What is amperometric titration? Discuss the princi of amperometric titration.	5.	Atte	empt any TEN of the following: $10 \times 1 = 1$		
			٥.		Define mix-indicator.	
(B)	What is polarimeter? Explain basic component	nts of		(i)		
	polarimeter.	5		(ii)	Give any two names of acid-base indicator.	
	OR			(iii)	What do you mean by secondary standards?	
MXP—L	—2493 2 C	Contd.	MXF	P—L—	-2493 3 Cont	d.