KNT/KW/16/7037

## Sixth Semester LL.B. 3 Years Course (C.B.S.) Examination <br> HUMAN RIGHTS <br> Optional Paper-4

Time : Three Hours]
[Maximum Marks : 80
N.B. :- (1) Attempt all Sections. Section A consists of $\mathbf{1 0}$ marks, Section B consists of $\mathbf{3 0}$ marks and Section C consists of $\mathbf{4 0}$ marks.
(2) Follow the instructions given in each section.
(3) Marks are indicated against each question.

## SECTION—A

1. Choose the correct alternative (any TEN) :
(i) Human Rights day is celebrated on $\qquad$ every year.
(a) 10 December
(b) 5 June
(c) 1 May
(d) 10 January
(ii) Right to privacy is a :
(a) Civil Right
(b) Collective Right
(c) Cultural Life
(d) None of the above
(iii) The Universal Declaration on Human Rights, International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights and International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights are together known as :
(a) Magna Carta
(b) International Bill of Rights
(c) Justiciable Rights
(d) All of the above
(iv) Prohibition of slavery, slave trade servitude, forced or compulsory labour is a :
(a) Fundamental right
(b) Civil and Political right
(c) Both (a) and (b)
(d) Economic, social and cultural right
(v) The Head Quarter of United Nations is situated at :
(a) New York
(b) Geneva
(c) Delhi
(d) San Francisco
(vi) CEDAW stands for :
(a) Convention on the Rights of the Child
(b) Convention on the Status of Refugees
(c) Convention on discrimination against women
(d) Convention on Elimination of all forms of discrimination against women
(vii) The following is not the chief organ of UNs.
(a) General Assembly
(b) Security Council
(c) International Labour Organization
(d) International Court of Justice
(viii) Right to Safe Environment is the :
(a) Civil Right
(b) Political Right
(c) Collective Right
(d) Economic Right
(ix) In India, child labour is prohibited under Article $\qquad$ of the Constitution.
(a) 21
(b) $21-\mathrm{A}$
(c) 24
(d) 23
(x) The term Refugee refers to :
(a) Ordinary migrants
(b) Political refugees
(c) Economic refugees
(d) All of the above
(xi) The unique feature of the African Charter is that it has given emphasis on :
(a) Individual rights
(b) People's rights
(c) Both (a) and (b)
(d) None of the above
(xii) The Protection of Human Rights Act was enacted in :
(a) 1992
(b) 1993
(c) 1994
(d) 1995
(xiii) The second protocol to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights aims at :
(a) Establishment of Human Rights Committee
(b) Abolition of death penalty
(c) To laid down implementation procedure for the covenant
(d) None of the above
(xiv) Civil and Political Rights are included as $\qquad$ in Indian Constitution.
(a) Fundamental Rights
(b) Fundamental Duties
(c) Directive Principles
(d) All of the above
(xv) ILO stands for :
(a) International Labour Commission
(b) International Labour Organization
(c) International Labour Office
(d) None of the above
$1 \times 10=10$

## SECTION—B

(Short answer questions)
2. Write short notes on (any THREE) :
(a) Evolution of Human Rights
(b) Genocide
(c) Disabled Persons
(d) Compensatory Justice.
$5 \times 3=15$
3. Write short notes on (any THREE) :
(a) Difference between Art. 32 and 226 of the Indian Constitution
(b) Right to Information
(c) Kinds of Human Rights
(d) Beijing Conference.

## SECTION—C

(Long answer questions)
Answer the following (any FIVE) :
4. Evaluate the role of United Nations in the protection of promotion of Human Rights.
5. Write a detailed note on Universal Declaration on Human Rights, 1948.
6. Explain the role of Judiciary in protecting the environment in India.
7. Write a detailed note on International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights.
8. Write a brief essay on legislative measures adopted in India to protect the Human Rights of Women.
9. Explain the constitution, powers and functions of State Human Rights Commission.
10. Write an explanatory note on European Convention of Human Rights.
11. Explain the Constitutional Measures regarding Child Right in India.

